

## A BOOKISH LOT.

The former Turkish consul general, Ali Nouri Bey, who was sentenced to 101 years' imprisonment because of his connection with a satirical journal, is to bring out a book, "Abdul Hamid in Caricature."

Mark Twain has leased his Tarrytown estate to Charles A. Gardiner, a New York lawyer. It is one of the famous places on the Hudson. It is 450 feet above the river and commands an unobstructed view for many miles in all directions. It is beautifully laid out with trees and drives. Its collection of trees and shrubs is famous and is supposed to contain every variety that thrives in that locality.

It is said in London that John Morley, whose "Life of Gladstone" is the talk of the day, may have a baronetcy if he cares for so much honor. But it is not likely he will accept, for, like "the great commoner," he is indifferent to such dignity as is supposed to be conferred by a title. Premier Balfour, who occasionally can do a graceful thing, recognizes Mr. Morley's literary ability and according to report has decided to report the historian for a baronetcy in the list of honors to be announced next January.

Hannis Taylor, in his argument before the Alaskan boundary commission, told a story of Edward A. Freeman, the English historian, whom he knew well. On one occasion, when dining with him in a hotel in St. Louis, Mr. Taylor innocently asked him: "Mr. Freeman, what is your estimate of Froude as a historian?" Said Mr. Taylor: "He looked at me in a strange kind of way and then replied: 'I will tell you what I think about Froude. If ever you read anything he writes read it with care; read it over and over and over again and fix it in your mind so that you will never forget it, for then you will know one thing for certain and that is that by no possibility did it ever happen in that way!'"

## AMONG THE WOMEN FOLKS.

Polish women are engaged at work as navies on the dams now being constructed near Bredstedt, Schleswig, Prussia. They are said to work as well as men and for less money.

Sarah Jane Higginson, of New York, is suing the estate from which she rented her apartments, claiming heavy damages for the loss of an eye, due, she alleges, to the lack of heat in her apartments. In April, 1901, the janitor refused to provide a coal fire, but attempted to heat the building with wood, the smoke of which destroyed the sight of one of Mrs. Higginson's eyes.

There is a remarkable coincidence in the lives of Mrs. A. F. Martin and Mrs. James Blain, residents of Whitley county, Indiana. They are twins, nearly 80 years old, never have lived more than five miles apart, each is a great-grandmother and each has seven children. They are widows, their husbands having died within 30 days. Their sister, Mrs. Pheba Lamson, of Auburn, aged 78, is also a great-grandmother.

Mrs. Toka Nakajima, a Japanese woman living in Honjo, Tokyo, is not what can be called a good representative of the fair daughters of Japan, for her muscular development is extraordinary. She recently lost five yen (\$2.50) while playing cards with a carpenter named Kobayashi, who dunned her so persistently for the money that she finally knocked him down, knelt on him and beat him soundly with a pair of tongs. Kobayashi, who sustained some bruises in consequence, is now prosecuting the woman at the Honjo police court.

## MUNICIPAL MATTERS.

Elevator Inspector Branch, of St. Louis, is such a painstaking official that he never pronounces an elevator safe until he has had it drop with him to see if the safety appliances will catch.

Ministers in New York are poking some fairly good fun at Dowle. One of them suggests that the pudgy little man hold his banner before a looking glass, when he will see that "Zion" will be spelled "Noiz." Another intimates that in view of the importance which Elijah III. attaches to the monetary end of the crusade the man from Chicago might be called "Dr. Doughie." It is said that the only New York publication he has not blacklisted is the War Cry.

The Ohio State Liquor league held its annual meeting this year in East Liverpool, whose mayor is W. A. Weaver—the only prohibition mayor in the Buckeye state. Mayor Weaver believes that a man in his position has certain public obligations to fulfill, even though in doing so his own feelings may sustain a shock. So when the liquor men invited him to deliver the address of welcome at their gathering he accepted, much to their surprise. He acknowledged the presence of the convention in courteous language, which gave no hint of compromise as to his own principles. He assumed that the delegates were there for the purpose of furthering their interests in lawful fashion and therefore saw no reason why he should not welcome them.

## FURNISHING NOTES.

Mammot roses stray over carpets and look almost as if they could be picked off.

Some of the new bureaus made in the mission style have the upper part made in sort of small cupboard, lined with cedar and make a good place to store garments from the destroying moth.

A folding writing table is among the novelties in the furniture world and is made in dark wood. When folded it can be placed against the wall and requires little or no space. On opening the writing top is revealed and all the necessary materials are strapped to its top—pen, pencil, ink bottle, paper cutter, etc. It is really a very unique trifle.

## OLD BABYLONIAN SCHOOL.

Recently Unearthed by a German Priest While Excavating—Letters Made on Bricks.

Rev. Vincent Scheil, a German priest making excavations in an ancient Babylonian city, has unearthed a school just as it was 4,000 years ago in the time of King Hammurabi.

It is a small house of sunburnt brick and stands in the midst of the most populous district of the city of Seapur, just opposite the great temple. It has many inscribed brick, from the cuneiform inscriptions on which Father Scheil has reconstructed the life of the ancient Babylonian school. One brick says: "He who learns to write well in the school will shine as the sun."

There were seven small rooms in the school, each with its various kinds of brick. In one room were found bricks with grammatical exercises. The scholars evidently sat on the ground in rows with soft clay bricks in their hands, painfully forming the hard cuneiform letters. Father Scheil says the thumb-marks of the teacher are to be detected where he smudged over the scholars' mistakes. There was a room where advanced scholars learned to write the elaborate and highly poetical forms of adulation often seen on Babylonian monuments. Much importance was attached to learning weights and measures, to arithmetic and geometry, but the chief branches were grammar, writing and the expression of adulatory forms.

There is evidence that girls got pretty much the same education as boys and Father Scheil found contracts in which the language and law had been revised by a learned woman named Amat Baon. There is evidence that a pupil was occupied with learning to write from seven to fourteen years.

## AN UNFAMILIAR DIALECT.

London Cockneys Talk Anything But English, Says an American Woman—Visit to "Mobloteh."

An American woman who was lately in London for the first time is convinced that whatever the language may be which the cockneys speak, it is not English. One of her experiences is related by the Washington Post.

The woman wished to see the city all by herself. Somebody told her that if she went to the terminus of some bus line—it did not matter which—and waited a little, she would hear the conductor call out the places on the route, and then could choose that which she wished to visit.

She found a place where buses were arriving and departing, and waited. She heard many curious names, but failed to understand much that the busmen said. Every now and then the man on the step of a bus would call out: "Mobloteh! Mobloteh!" and she wondered what part of London "Mobloteh" might be. She had never heard of it before, and she had been studying London for six months. At last she ventured to address a conductor who looked approachable.

"Will you kindly tell me," she said, "where one takes the bus for Marble Arch?"

The man looked at her pityingly. Her American accent was thick upon her, and he perceived also that she must be deaf. He leaned toward her and drew a long breath. Then he bellowed: "This is your bus, ma'am!" and began to shout "Mobloteh! Mobloteh!" The visitor had let seven "Mobloteh" buses go because she never once guessed that that is the way Marble Arch is pronounced in London.

## PAPERMAKING IN CANADA.

Dominion Contains Great Facilities for Manufacture of Wood Pulp—Her Extensive Spruce Forests.

In Canada the subject of water power is obtaining consideration in connection with various industries, says the London Telegraph. One of these is the manufacture of paper from wood pulp. The dominion contains more spruce, the best wood for this purpose, than all the rest of the world put together, and possesses at the same time vastly more unused water power.

According to the Dominion statistician, the spruce forests cover 450,000,000 acres, or about 700,000 square miles—roughly, eight times the area of Great Britain. Year by year the exports of wood and of wood pulp for the making of paper are rising and now the Canadian protectionists are putting forward the demand that they should not export the pulp but the paper; not the raw material but the manufactured article, for the production of which their immense water power gives them enormous advantages. It seems not improbable that ere long a heavy export duty will be levied on wood pulp and that Canada will become a great exporter of paper. She holds the energetic position and can also make her own terms. It is said that nine times as much labor would be required to manufacture paper as is needed simply to export the wood. So far as the United States is concerned, Canada is becoming more and more the one available source of supply and for the New York newspapers alone a clearance of 10,000 acres of forest is necessary every year.

## Word with a History.

"Shibboleth" is a word frequently used in modern politics, though it may be doubted whether many politicians know the history of it. Curiously enough, this Hebrew word really means "an ear of corn" as well as a "river," but its significance for moderns arises from the fact that it was employed as a test to distinguish the Ephraimites from the Gileadites, the former being unable to pronounce the "sh" sound.

## Honduras Pack Mules.

Pack mules in Honduras carry 200 pounds in dry weather and 150 in wet weather.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

Both Nansen and Sverdrup have declared their firm resolve never to undertake another polar expedition. Sverdrup has left Norway, perhaps for all time. His health has been very poor ever since his return from his last expedition, and he has gone to the Canary islands, where he expects to remain some years.

Harry Payne Whitney, son of the New York millionaire, has taken to mining in earnest, having gone to work on the Colorado properties in which his father is interested. He declares his intention to master the mining business thoroughly and will qualify himself to make expert examination and reports. John Hays Hammond, the famous mining expert, is his tutor.

James B. Haggin, of California, was the largest individual winner on the American turf last season. His horses landed the handsome sum of \$99,007, William C. Whitney coming next with \$97,975. Charles Dwyer and "Slim" Daniel, two young men who had little or nothing when the season opened, are third in the list, having cleaned up \$81,785. William K. Vanderbilt is ahead just \$65.

A rare honor for one of his age has been conferred on Stanley M. Cox, the 12-year-old son of Arthur M. Cox, of Brooklyn, by the Humane Society of Massachusetts in awarding him a bronze medal for bravery in saving life. Stanley saved the life of Frank Deveau, a boy of eight, at East Gloucester on August 13 last. Both boys became unconscious when they were taken from the water. Cox soon recovered, but the Deveau lad was believed to be dead and was not revived for an hour.

The shah of Persia, who received some months ago from his English friend the Order of the Garter, is said to have the most tired appearance of any of the reigning sovereigns. His eyes are wearied by the sight of every luxury. During his visit to England all the stately was removed from Marlborough house out of regard for his susceptibilities, but he showed most interest in his surroundings. One toy did excite his interest, however, and this was a tiny jeweled bird, which sang delightfully.

## HEARD AFTER THE PLAY.

One of the most popular actors in Vienna is Ludwig-Martiniell, who has been on the stage 45 years. He is still active in his profession.

At the Granla theater, Buda-Pesth, a play, "Berlin Life," is being produced that deals mostly with the home life of the German emperor. His second son, Prince Eitel Fritz, appears under the name of Archduke Attila.

Miss Alberta Gallatin, who is a daughter of the confederate general, Albert Gallatin, has been denied honorary membership in the Virginia Daughters of the Confederacy because she is acting in the play "Ghosts," which the Virginia daughters condemn on moral grounds.

Prof. Albert Eulenberg, the well-known German neurologist, agrees with Dr. May, Schiller's physician, that actors are more nervous than women. He thinks that the plays of Ibsen, Hauptmann and Bjornson are particularly injurious to them, and mentions the case of one actor who was utterly wrecked by one of the modern realistic plays.

An actress now playing in London wears about \$75,000 worth of diamonds every evening. She owns jewels worth \$250,000 altogether, including a five-roped pearl necklace said to be exceeded in value only by a similar decoration possessed by Queen Alexandra. The jewels owned by the player in question are kept in a bank, a man from which brings them to the theater and takes them back at each performance.

A comic opera singer in New York has put to shame all previous efforts in the way of advertising by suing her dressmaker for \$1,000 damages because a certain stage costume was cut too low in the crotch. She declares that the gown above the waist consisted largely of two gossamer shoulder straps and that the general effect was not one consistent with modesty. The dressmaker replies that the garment is a copy of one worn by a society leader of irreproachable good taste.

## IN OTHER LANDS THAN OURS.

Holland did much for the Boers during the late war and is still aiding them. A Dutch society has been formed for the purpose of helping the burghers to restock their farms. Cattle are to be sent out to the Transvaal and the Orange River Colony, the first herd having been sent from Rotterdam.

The Amazon valley will have at the St. Louis exposition a striking exhibition. Every important product of this wonderful region will be shown, besides many curious exhibits of little-known native life—architecture, tools, weapons, methods of transportation, etc.—as well as a very complete collection of the flora and fauna of the country.

The chief factor in the recent changes in the Russian ministry has been the influence of a certain M. Bezobrazoff, who is spoken of as a favorite of the czar. M. Bezobrazoff began his career by serving in the horse guards regiment. At the beginning of the reign of Alexander III. he became the heart and soul of an organization formed to protect the person of the monarch. In various ways he strengthened his influence at court and during the last few years he has repeatedly laid before the czar memoranda on important affairs of state.

During the past summer there have been many disastrous floods in various parts of Tyrol, Carinthia, Styria and Salzburg. Railway communications have been interrupted, fields have been transformed into lakes and whole villages have been swept away. For some days Bad Gastein was cut off from outside communication, and those visitors who wished to return home had to do so by roundabout routes. The loss caused by floods in 1903, according to official figures, amounted to 500,000,000 crowns (\$100,000,000).

## Wanted.

We would like to ask, through the columns of your paper, if there is any person who has used Green's August Flower, for the cure of Indigestion, Dyspepsia, and Liver Trouble that has not been cured—and we also mean their results, such as sour stomach, fermentation of food, habitual constiveness, nervous dyspepsia, headaches, despondent feelings, sleeplessness—in fact any trouble connected with the stomach or liver? This medicine has been sold for many years in all civilized countries, and we wish to correspond with you and send you one of our books free of cost. If you never tried August Flower, try a 25 cent bottle first. We have never known of its failing. If so, something more serious is the matter with you. The 25 cent size has just been introduced this year. Regular size 75 cents. W. T. Brooks.

G. G. GREEN,  
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(1jly-04)

## Caution!

This is not a gentle word—but when you think how liable you are not to purchase the only remedy that has had the largest sale of any medicine in the world since 1863 for the cure and treatment of Consumption and Throat and Lung troubles without losing its great popularity all these years, you will be thankful we called your attention to Boschee's German Syrup. There are so many ordinary cough remedies made by druggists and others that are cheap and good for light colds perhaps, but for severe Coughs, Bronchitis, Croup—and especially for Consumption, where there is difficult expectoration and coughing during the nights and mornings, there is nothing like German Syrup. The 25 cent size has just been introduced this year. Regular size 75 cents.—W. T. Brooks.

1jly-04

## Railroad Time Card.

## LOUISVILLE &amp; NASHVILLE.

## ARRIVAL OF TRAINS AT PARIS.

From Cincinnati—10:58 am; 5:33 pm; 9:45 pm.  
From Lexington—5:11 am; 7:45 pm; 11:33 pm; 6:10 pm.  
From Richmond—5:05 am; 7:50 am; 11:18 pm.  
From Maysville—7:40 am; 3:15 pm.

## DEPARTURE OF TRAINS FROM PARIS.

To Cincinnati—5:15 am; 7:55 am; 11:30 pm.  
To Lexington—7:50 am; 11:05 am; 4:40 pm; 9:40 pm.  
To Richmond—11:10 am; 5:33 pm; 9:15 pm.  
To Maysville—8:00 am; 6:20 pm.

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## FRANKFORT &amp; CINCINNATI.

Arr. from Frankfort—8:30 am; 12:30 pm; 6:30 pm.  
Lvs. for Frankfort—8:30 am; 12:30 pm; 6:30 pm.  
A. F. & C. trains arrive and depart at N. & N. STATION.

## Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared to cure Piles and DOES IT in short order. Easy to apply, every box guaranteed, 50c and \$1.00. All druggists or by mail.

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## Frankfort &amp; Cincinnati Railway.

## "THE MIDLAND ROUTE."

LOCAL TIME CARD  
IN EFFECT JANUARY 26, 1903.

M. A.		DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.		A. M.	
8	42			8	38
2 00	6 50	Lv. Frankfort "A"	Ar	11 30	7 10
2 10	7 00	Stamington	"	11 37	7 17
2 11	7 04	Elkhorn	"	11 07	7 00
2 19	7 12	Switzer	"	11 06	6 52
2 29	7 22	Stamington	"	10 56	6 42
2 31	7 25	Switzer	"	10 56	6 45
2 37	7 35	Johnson	"	10 37	6 35
2 47	7 45	Georgetown	"	10 32	6 22
2 51	7 55	U. Depot "B"	"	10 28	6 18
2 58	8 05	Newtown	"	9 54	6 07
3 01	8 15	Georgetown	"	9 54	6 07
3 11	8 17	Elizabeth	"	9 42	5 50
3 20	8 27	Paris	"	9 32	5 45
3 25	8 30	U. Depot "C"	"	9 30	5 45